

NEAR EAST UNIVERSITY Faculty of Veterinary Medicine Course Teaching Plan

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	Contribution of	As imaging techniques are an indispensable part of disease diagnosis in
the Course to veterinary medicine, the topics covered in this course provide the ba		
	Professional	information necessary to obtain good quality and diagnostic images and
20.	Development	allow for correction of errors.

		LO1	Will be able to understand related concepts / theories
		LO2	Will be able to discuss the validity of related concepts / theories
		LO3	Will be able to discuss possible real-life applications of related concepts / theories and offer suggestions
		LO4	Will be able to apply relevant concepts / theories to real life / other given situations / cases
		LO5	Will be able to critically analyse the real-life applications of related concepts / theories
		LO6	Will be able to synthesize different concepts and theories to create their own unique approaches
	S4	L07	Will be able to develop an original approach to related concepts
	Students' Learning	LO8	Preparation for presentation(s)
	Outcomes	LO9	Will be able to evaluate their own work according to the given criteria
		LO10	Will be able to develop / create a new approach
		L011	Will be able to carry out the given work independently
		LO12	Will be able to work in a group on a given topic
		LO13	Will be able to enumerate and explain related concepts
		LO14	Will appreciate the value of learning
21.		LO15	Will be able to develop targeted skills

		WEEK	THEORETICAL COURSE CONTENT	PRACTICE CONTENT
	Course Content	1.	An overview and introduction to the topics covered in the course content. Definition of radiology, brief history, properties of electromagnetic radiation, x-ray properties, characteristic x-ray, Bremsstrahlung, Compton scattering, photoelectric effect	
21.		2.	X-ray formation, the structure of an x-ray tube, its components and functions, anode types, focuses, collimator. Effect of X-rays on radiographic film (opacities)	

			Interaction of radiation with matter;	
			Anode heel effect; factors affecting	
			x-ray absorption: kV, mAs,	
			thickness, distance, effect of	
			projection angle. Working principle	
			of conventional radiography; film	
		3.	structure; film processing technique	
			Comparison of conventional and	
			digital radiography; resolution; image	
			quality; features of conventional	
			radiography; features of digital	
			radiography; features and comparison	
			of different digital radiography	
			systems; comparison of CR and DR;	
		4.	grids and their properties	
			Types of ionizing radiation and its	
			properties (alpha, beta, gamma, x and	
			neutron rays properties); radiation	
			sources in nature; radiation and	
			contamination; daily use of radiation;	
			measurement of radiation; acute and	
		5.	chronic exposure	
			The effect of radiation on living	
			organisms and DNA; acute and	
			chronic exposure, early and late	
			effects; The structure of the	
			veterinary radiology unit with respect	
			to radiation protection; precautions to	
			be taken in terms of exposure	
			technique and auxiliary personnel,	
		6.	Dosimetry	
		0.	Ultrasonography (US) physics: Brief	
			history of US, formation of sound,	
			properties of ultrasound and its	
			behaviour in tissue; US modes and	
			frequencies, structure and properties	
			of US device and probes; Doppler,	
			use and examination method of the	
			US machine; Formation,	
			interpretation and prevention of	
		7.	artefacts	
		<i>'</i> •	Computed Tomography: indications	
			of the technique, working principle,	
			image formation, description and	
		8.	interpretation of the image, artefacts.	
		υ.	Magnetic resonance tomography:	
			indications of the technique, working	
			principle, image formation, description	
		9.	and interpretation of the image, artefacts	
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			PET, SPECT, Scintigraphy:		
			indications of the technique, working		
			principle, image formation, description		
		10.	and interpretation of the image, artefacts		
			Endoscopy, Thermography:		
			indications of the technique, working		
			principle, image formation, description		
		11.	and interpretation of the image, artefacts		
			Vision, Lenses, ophthalmoscopy		
		12.	(direct/indirect), hearing.		
			Different treatment methods:		
			working principle and application of		
			treatment methods such as radiation		
			oncology, physiotherapy, ultrasound		
			therapy, shock wave therapy, laser,		
			magnetic field, acupuncture, effects		
		12	on tissues		
		13.			
		14.	Topic repetition, Q & A		
			berg JT, Seibert JA, Leidholdt EM, Boone J	•	
		Med	ical Imaging. Williams & Wilkins (3rd Ed), 2	2012.	
	Textbooks,	2. Curr	y TS, Dowdey JE, Murry RC. Christensen's	Physics of Radiology. Lea &	
	References	Febig	ger (4th Ed), 1990.		
	and/or Other	3. Khan, Faiz M., Gibbons, John P. Khan's The Physics of Radiation Therapy			
	Sources	5th Edition, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins; (April 9, 2014), ISBN-13 : 978-			
		1451182453			
		-		and wide a that can be	
			lso provides links to some useful information	i and videos that can be	
22.		iound on	the internet.		

		SEMESTER STUDIES	NUMBER	PERCENTAGE OF CONTRIBUTION	
		Midterm exam	1	40	
		Quiz	-		
		Assignments, Performances	-		
	Evaluation	Final exam	1	60	
		Total	2	100	
		Evaluation Approaches	Exams are made ir multiple choice an		
23.			answer) questions.		

		Activity	NUMBER	Time [hours]	Total workload [hours]
	ECTS /	Class hours (theoretical)	14	1	14
	Student's	Practical hours	-	-	-
	workload	Out of Class Study Time (Pre- study, reinforcement)	14	1	14
		Assignments, Performances	-	-	-
24.		Projects	-	-	-

Field studies	-	-	-
Midterm exams	1	1	1
Other	-	-	-
Final exams	1	1	1
Total workload			30
Total workload / 30 hours			30/30
ECTS credits of the lecture			1